

Rogers Communications Inc.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

Rogers Communications Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(In millions of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts, unaudited)

		Three months e	nded March 31
	Note	2017	2016
			see note 2
Revenue		3,338	3,245
Operating expenses:			
Operating costs	4	2,185	2,156
Depreciation and amortization		545	574
Restructuring, acquisition and other	5	28	44
Finance costs	6	190	196
Other income	7	(11)	(34)
Income before income tax expense		401	309
Income tax expense		107	79
Net income for the period		294	230
Earnings per share:			
Basic	8	\$0.57	\$0.45
Diluted	8	\$0.57	\$0.44

Rogers Communications Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(In millions of Canadian dollars, unaudited)

	Three months e	nded March 31
	2017	2016
		see note 2
Net income for the period	294	230
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to income:		
Available-for-sale investments:		
Increase in fair value	78	123
Reclassification to net income for gain on sale of investment	-	(39
Related income tax expense	(9)	(11
Available-for-sale investments	69	73
Cash flow hedging derivative instruments:		
Unrealized loss in fair value of derivative instruments	(128)	(651
Reclassification to net income of loss on debt derivatives	86	530
Reclassification to net income or property, plant and equipment of loss (gain) on expenditure derivatives	7	(28
Reclassification to net income for accrued interest	(18)	(21
Related income tax recovery	18	73
Cash flow hedging derivative instruments	(35)	(97
Share of other comprehensive loss of equity-accounted investments, net of tax	(8)	(17
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	26	(41
Comprehensive income for the period	320	189

Rogers Communications Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(In millions of Canadian dollars, unaudited)

		As at March 31	As at December 31
	Note	2017	2016
Assets			
Current assets:			
Accounts receivable		1,739	1,949
Inventories		296	315
Other current assets		325	215
Current portion of derivative instruments	9	118	91
Total current assets		2,478	2,570
Property, plant and equipment		10,704	10,749
Intangible assets		7,111	7,130
Investments	10	2,243	2,174
Derivative instruments	9	1,605	1,708
Other long-term assets		94	98
Deferred tax assets		7	8
Goodwill		3,905	3,905
Total assets		28,147	28,342
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			
Current liabilities:			
Bank advances		49	71
Short-term borrowings	11	1,136	800
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,345	2,783
Income tax payable		134	186
Current portion of provisions		101	134
Unearned revenue		446	367
Current portion of long-term debt	12	500	750
Current portion of derivative instruments	9	26	22
Total current liabilities		4,737	5,113
Provisions		33	33
Long-term debt	12	15,434	15,330
Derivative instruments	9	154	118
Other long-term liabilities		541	562
Deferred tax liabilities		1,906	1,917
Total liabilities		22,805	23,073
Shareholders' equity	13	5,342	5,269
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		28,147	28,342
Subsequent events	9, 13		

Rogers Communications Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(In millions of Canadian dollars, except number of shares, unaudited)

		ss A I shares		nss B ng shares					
Three months ended March 31, 2017	Amount	Number of shares (000s)	Amount	Number of shares (000s)	Retained earnings	Available- for-sale financial assets reserve	Hedging reserve	Equity investment reserve	Total shareholders' equity
Balances, January 1, 2017	72	112,412	405	402,396	4,247	642	(107)	10	5,269
Net income for the period	-	-	-	_	294	-	-	_	294
Other comprehensive income (loss):									
Available-for-sale investments, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	69	_	_	69
Derivative instruments accounted for as hedges, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	(35)	_	(35)
Share of equity-accounted investments, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(8)	(8)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	-	_	-	-	-	69	(35)	(8)	26
Comprehensive income for the period	-	_	-	_	294	69	(35)	(8)	320
Transactions with shareholders recorded directly in equity:									
Dividends declared	-	-	_	-	(247)	_	-	-	(247)
Shares issued on exercise of stock options	_	_	_	2	_	_	_	-	_
Total transactions with shareholders	_	-	_	2	(247)	_	_	_	(247)
Balances, March 31, 2017	72	112,412	405	402,398	4,294	711	(142)	2	5,342

		ss A shares		ss B ng shares					
Three months ended March 31, 2016	Amount	Number of shares (000s)	Amount	Number of shares (000s)	Retained earnings	Available- for-sale financial assets reserve	Hedging reserve	Equity investment reserve	Total shareholders' equity
Balances, January 1, 2016	72	112,439	402	402,308	4,474	598	57	33	5,636
Net income for the period (see note 2)	_	_	-	_	230	_	-	-	230
Other comprehensive income (loss):									
Available-for-sale investments, net of tax	_	-	_	_	_	73	_	_	73
Derivative instruments accounted for as hedges, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	(97)	_	(97)
Share of equity-accounted investments, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(17)	(17)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	_	_	-	73	(97)	(17)	(41)
Comprehensive income for the period	_	_	-	_	230	73	(97)	(17)	189
Transactions with shareholders recorded directly in equity:									
Dividends declared	-	-	-	_	(247)	-	-	_	(247)
Share class exchange	_	(24)	_	24	_	-	-	-	-
Total transactions with shareholders	_	(24)	-	24	(247)	_	_	_	(247)
Balances, March 31, 2016 (see note 2)	72	112,415	402	402,332	4,457	671	(40)	16	5,578

Rogers Communications Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In millions of Canadian dollars, unaudited)

		Three months e	nded March 31	
	Note	2017	2016	
			see note 2	
Operating activities:				
Net income for the period		294	230	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		545	574	
Program rights amortization		20	21	
Finance costs	6	190	196	
Income tax expense		107	79	
Stock-based compensation	14	13	12	
Post-employment benefits contributions, net of expense		6	10	
Gain on divestitures pertaining to investments		-	(39	
Other		(3)	10	
Cash provided by operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital items, incom taxes paid, and interest paid	е	1,172	1,093	
Change in non-cash operating working capital items	17	(178)	(120	
Cash provided by operating activities before income taxes paid and interest paid		994	973	
Income taxes paid		(160)	(137	
Interest paid		(238)	(238	
Cash provided by operating activities		596	598	
Investing activities:				
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(486)	(552	
Additions to program rights		(14)	(10	
Changes in non-cash working capital related to property, plant and equipment and intangible			,	
assets		(81)	(137	
Other		(26)	(40	
Cash used in investing activities		(607)	(739	
Financing activities:				
Net proceeds received on short-term borrowings	11	336	205	
Net (repayment) issuance of long-term debt	12	(53)	119	
Net repayment on settlement of debt derivatives and forward contracts	9	(3)	(19	
Dividends paid		(247)	(247	
Cash provided by financing activities		33	58	
Change in cash and cash equivalents		22	(83	
(Bank advances) cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		(71)	11	
(bank advances) cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period				

NOTE 1: NATURE OF THE BUSINESS

Rogers Communications Inc. is a diversified Canadian communications and media company. Substantially all of our operations and sales are in Canada. RCI is incorporated in Canada and its registered office is located at 333 Bloor Street East, Toronto, Ontario, M4W 1G9. RCI's shares are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX: RCI.A and RCI.B) and on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE: RCI).

We, us, our, Rogers, Rogers Communications, and the Company refer to Rogers Communications Inc. and its subsidiaries. RCI refers to the legal entity Rogers Communications Inc., not including its subsidiaries. Rogers also holds interests in various investments and ventures.

We report our results of operations in four reporting segments. Each segment and the nature of its business is as follows:

Segment	Principal activities
Wireless	Wireless telecommunications operations for Canadian consumers and businesses.
Cable	Cable telecommunications operations, including Internet, television, and telephony (phone) services for Canadian consumers and businesses.
Business Solutions	Network connectivity through our fibre network and data centre assets to support a range of voice, data, networking, hosting, and cloud-based services for the enterprise, public sector, and carrier wholesale markets.
Media	A diversified portfolio of media properties, including sports media and entertainment, television and radio broadcasting, specialty channels, multi-platform shopping, digital media, and publishing.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, Wireless, Cable, and Business Solutions were operated by our wholly-owned subsidiary, Rogers Communications Canada Inc. (RCCI), and certain other wholly-owned subsidiaries. Media was operated by our wholly-owned subsidiary, Rogers Media Inc., and its subsidiaries.

Statement of Compliance

We prepared our interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2017 (first quarter 2017 interim financial statements) in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) following the same accounting policies and methods of application as those disclosed in our annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 (2016 financial statements) with the exception of new accounting policies that were adopted on January 1, 2017 as described in note 2. These first quarter 2017 interim financial statements were approved by the Audit and Risk Committee of our Board of Directors (Board) on April 18, 2017.

NOTE 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The notes presented in these first quarter 2017 interim financial statements include only significant transactions and changes occurring for the three months since our year-end of December 31, 2016 and do not include all disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the IASB for annual financial statements. These first quarter 2017 interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2016 financial statements.

Our operating results are subject to seasonal fluctuations that materially impact quarter-to-quarter operating results and thus, one quarter's operating results are not necessarily indicative of a subsequent quarter's operating results. All dollar amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

Change in Accounting Policies Adopted in 2016

We disclosed in our 2016 financial statements a change in accounting policy for measurement of deferred income taxes as a result of the IFRS Interpretations Committee's agenda decision relating to IAS 12, *Income Taxes*. As a result of this change, certain comparative information in these first quarter 2017 interim condensed consolidated financial statements was retrospectively amended. The impact of the change in policy as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was an \$18 million increase in income tax expense and corresponding deferred tax liability, which resulted in a decrease to net income of the same amount. Basic and diluted earnings per share were decreased by \$0.03 and \$0.04, respectively, for this comparative period.

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in 2017

We adopted new amendments to the following accounting standards effective for our interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing January 1, 2017. These changes did not have a material impact on our financial results.

- IAS 7. Statement of Cash Flows
- IAS 12. Income Taxes
- IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

The IASB has issued new standards and amendments to existing standards. These changes are not yet adopted by us and will have an impact on future periods.

- IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (effective January 1, 2018)
- IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective January 1, 2018)
- IFRS 16, Leases (effective January 1, 2019)

These changes are described in our 2016 financial statements. We continue to assess the impact of each of these standards on our consolidated financial statements and we are progressing with the implementation of each of these standards. As at the date of these interim financial statements, there have been no significant changes to the disclosure related to the implementation of these standards that was included in our 2016 financial statements. With respect to IFRS 15, we have a team dedicated to ensuring our compliance with this standard. We are implementing a new system to enable us to comply with the requirements of the standard on a contract-by-contract basis and expect to begin a parallel run under both IAS 18 and IFRS 15 using this system in 2017. We will have detailed data validation processes that will continue throughout the course of 2017. As a result, we continue to assess the impact of this standard on our consolidated financial statements and it is not yet possible to make a reliable estimate of its impact. We will disclose the estimated financial effects of the adoption of IFRS 15 in our 2017 annual consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3: SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Our reportable segments are Wireless, Cable, Business Solutions, and Media. All four segments operate substantially in Canada. Corporate items and eliminations include our interests in businesses that are not reportable operating segments, corporate administrative functions, and eliminations of inter-segment revenues and costs. We follow the same accounting policies for our segments as those described in note 2. Segment results include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. We account for transactions between reportable segments in the same way we account for transactions with external parties and eliminate them on consolidation.

The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of RCI are our chief operating decision makers and regularly review our operations and performance by segment. They review adjusted operating profit as the key measure of profit for the purpose of assessing performance of each segment and to make decisions about the allocation of resources. Adjusted operating profit is defined as income before stock-based compensation, depreciation and amortization, restructuring, acquisition and other, finance costs, other (income) expense, and income taxes.

Information by Segment

Three months ended March 31, 2017 (In millions of dollars)	Note	Wireless	Cable	Business Solutions	Media	Corporate items and eliminations	Consolidated totals
Revenue		1,968	855	95	474	(54)	3,338
Operating costs ¹		1,155	463	64	502	(12)	2,172
Adjusted operating profit		813	392	31	(28)	(42)	1,166
Stock-based compensation ¹	14						13
Depreciation and amortization							545
Restructuring, acquisition and other	5						28
Finance costs	6						190
Other income	7						(11

¹ Included in Operating costs on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Three months ended March 31, 2016 (In millions of dollars)	Note	Wireless	Cable	Business Solutions	Media	Corporate items and eliminations	Consolidated totals
D		4.000	056	06	440	(45)	2.245
Revenue		1,890	856	96	448	(45)	3,245
Operating costs ¹		1,127	463	65	497	(8)	2,144
Adjusted operating profit		763	393	31	(49)	(37)	1,101
Stock-based compensation ¹	14						12
Depreciation and amortization							574
Restructuring, acquisition and other	5						44
Finance costs	6						196
Other income	7						(34

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Included in Operating costs on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 4: OPERATING COSTS

	Three months ended March 31			
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016		
Cost of equipment sales and direct channel subsidies	458	461		
Merchandise for resale	59	49		
Other external purchases	1,180	1,170		
Employee salaries and benefits and stock-based compensation	488	476		
Total operating costs	2,185	2,156		

NOTE 5: RESTRUCTURING, ACQUISITION AND OTHER

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we incurred \$28 million (2016 - \$44 million) in restructuring, acquisition and other expenses. In both 2017 and 2016, these expenses primarily consisted of severance costs associated with the targeted restructuring of our employee base.

NOTE 6: FINANCE COSTS

	Three months ended March 3			
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016		
Interest on borrowings	186	196		
Interest on post-employment benefits liability	3	2		
Gain on foreign exchange	(8)	(25)		
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	8	24		
Capitalized interest	(4)	(4)		
Other	5	3		
Total finance costs	190	196		

NOTE 7: OTHER INCOME

	Three months ended March 31			
n millions of dollars)	2017	2016		
(Income) losses from associates and joint ventures	(18)	14		
Gain on divestitures pertaining to investments	-	(39)		
Other investment losses (income)	7	(9)		
Total other income	(11)	(34)		

NOTE 8: EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Three months e	nded March 31
	2017	2016
(In millions of dollars, except per share amounts)		see note 2
Numerator (basic) - Net income for the period	294	230
Denominator - Number of shares (in millions):		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic	515	515
Effect of dilutive securities (in millions):		
Employee stock options and restricted share units	2	2
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - diluted	517	517
Earnings per share		
Basic	\$0.57	\$0.45
Diluted	\$0.57	\$0.44

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the diluted earnings per share calculation reflects accounting for outstanding share-based payments using the cash-settled method for stock-based compensation as it was determined to be more dilutive than using the equity-settled method.

A total of 503,905 options were out of the money for the three months ended March 31, 2017 (2016 - 1,054,530). These options were excluded from the calculation of the effect of dilutive securities because they were anti-dilutive.

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivative Instruments

We use derivative instruments to manage financial risks related to our business activities. These include debt derivatives, bond forwards, expenditure derivatives, and equity derivatives. We only use derivatives to manage risk and not for speculative purposes.

All of our currently outstanding debt derivatives related to our senior notes and debentures, bond forwards, and expenditure derivatives have been designated as hedges for accounting purposes.

Debt derivatives

We use cross-currency interest exchange agreements (debt derivatives) to manage risks from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates associated with our US dollar-denominated debt instruments, credit facility borrowings, and commercial paper issuances (see note 11). We designate the debt derivatives related to our senior notes and debentures as hedges for accounting purposes against the foreign exchange risk associated with specific debt instruments. We do not designate the debt derivatives related to our credit facility and commercial paper borrowings as hedges for accounting purposes.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, we entered into and settled debt derivatives related to our credit facility borrowings and US dollar-denominated commercial paper (US CP) program as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 201				
(In millions of dollars, except exchange rates)	Notional (US\$)	Exchange rate	Notional (Cdn\$)		
Credit facilities					
Debt derivatives entered	875	1.33	1,165		
Debt derivatives settled	825	1.32	1,092		
Net cash paid			(3)		
Commercial paper program					
Debt derivatives entered	200	1.33	266		

(In millions of dollars, except exchange rates)	Thı	Three months ended March 31, 2016				
	Notional (US\$)	Exchange rate	Notional (Cdn\$)			
Credit facilities						
Debt derivatives entered	724	1.35	976			
Debt derivatives settled	342	1.39	474			
Net cash paid			(19)			

As at March 31, 2017, we had US\$200 million and US\$200 million of debt derivatives outstanding relating to our credit facility borrowings and commercial paper program (December 31, 2016 - US\$150 million and nil), respectively.

As at March 31, 2017, we had US\$6.7 billion (December 31, 2016 - US\$6.7 billion) in US dollar-denominated senior notes and debentures, of which all of the associated foreign exchange risk had been hedged using debt derivatives. We did not enter into or settle any debt derivatives related to senior notes or debentures during the three months ended March 31, 2017 or 2016.

Bond forwards

We use bond forward derivatives (bond forwards) to hedge interest rate risk on the senior notes we expect to issue in the future. We did not enter into any new bond forwards or settle any existing bond forwards during the three months ended March 31, 2017 or 2016. As at March 31, 2017, we had US\$900 million (December 31, 2016 - US\$900 million) notional amount of bond forwards outstanding, all of which were designated as hedges for accounting purposes.

Expenditure derivatives

We use foreign currency forward contracts (expenditure derivatives) to manage the foreign exchange risk in our operations, designating them as hedges for accounting purposes for certain of our forecasted operational and capital expenditures.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, we entered into and settled the following expenditure derivatives:

	Three months ended March 31, 20			
(In millions of dollars, except exchange rates)	Notional (US\$)	Exchange rate	Notional (Cdn\$)	
Expenditure derivatives entered	120	1.29	155	
xpenditure derivatives entered xpenditure derivatives settled	225	1.33	300	

	Three months ended March 31, 20				
(In millions of dollars, except exchange rates)	Notional (US\$)				
Expenditure derivatives entered	420	1.39	584		
Expenditure derivatives settled	210	1.22	256		

As at March 31, 2017, we had US\$1,185 million of expenditure derivatives outstanding (December 31, 2016 - US\$1,290 million) with terms to maturity ranging from April 2017 to December 2018 (December 31, 2016 - January 2017 to December 2018), at an average rate of \$1.32/US\$ (December 31, 2016 - \$1.32/US\$).

Equity derivatives

We use total return swaps (equity derivatives) to hedge the market price appreciation risk of the RCI Class B shares granted under our stock-based compensation programs. The equity derivatives have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes.

As at March 31, 2017, we had equity derivatives outstanding for 5.4 million (December 31, 2016 - 5.4 million) RCI Class B shares with a weighted average price of \$51.44 (December 31, 2016 - \$50.30).

In March 2017, we settled existing equity derivatives for net proceeds of \$6 million and entered into new derivatives on one million RCI Class B shares with an expiry date of March 2018. We have also executed extension agreements for the remaining equity derivative contracts under substantially the same terms and conditions with revised expiry dates to April 2018 (from April 2017).

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, bank advances, short-term borrowings, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values because of the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

We determine the fair value of each of our publicly-traded investments using quoted market values. We determine the fair value of our private investments by using implied valuations from follow-on financing rounds, third party sale negotiations, or using market-based approaches. These are applied appropriately to each investment depending on its future operating and profitability prospects.

The fair values of each of our public debt instruments are based on the period-end estimated market yields. We determine the fair values of our debt derivatives and expenditure derivatives using an estimated credit-adjusted mark-to-market valuation by discounting cash flows to the measurement date. In the case of debt derivatives and expenditure derivatives in an asset position, the credit spread for the financial institution counterparty is added to the risk-free discount rate to determine the estimated credit-adjusted value for each derivative. For those debt derivatives and expenditure derivatives in a liability position, our credit spread is added to the risk-free discount rate for each derivative.

The fair value of each of our bond forwards is determined by discounting to the measurement date the cash flows that result from multiplying the bond forward's notional amount by the difference between the period-end market forward yields and the forward yield in each bond forward.

The fair values of our equity derivatives are based on the quoted market value of RCI's Class B Non-Voting shares.

Our disclosure of the three-level fair value hierarchy reflects the significance of the inputs used in measuring fair value:

- financial assets and financial liabilities in Level 1 are valued by referring to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- financial assets and financial liabilities in Level 2 are valued using inputs based on observable market data, either directly or indirectly, other than the quoted prices; and
- Level 3 valuations are based on inputs that are not based on observable market data.

There were no material financial instruments categorized in Level 3 as at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

The financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method as at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Carr	ying value	Fair valu	e (Level 1)	Fair valu	e (Level 2)
	As at Mar. 31	As at Dec. 31	As at Mar. 31	As at Dec. 31	As at Mar. 31	As at Dec. 31
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Financial assets						
Available-for-sale, measured at fair value:						
Investments in publicly-traded companies	1,115	1,047	1,115	1,047	-	_
Held-for-trading:						
Debt derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges	1,654	1,751	-	-	1,654	1,751
Expenditure derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges	29	40	-	-	29	40
Equity derivatives not accounted for as cash flow hedges	40	8	-	-	40	8
Total financial assets	2,838	2,846	1,115	1,047	1,723	1,799
Financial liabilities						
Held-for-trading:						
Debt derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges	93	68	_	-	93	68
Debt derivatives not accounted for as hedges	6	_	_	_	6	_
Bond forwards accounted for as cash flow hedges	61	51	_	_	61	51
Expenditure derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges	20	21	_	-	20	21
Total financial liabilities	180	140	_	-	180	140

The fair value of our long-term debt as at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is as follows:

	As at	March 31, 2017	As at De	cember 31, 2016
(In millions of dollars)	Carrying amount	Fair value ¹	Carrying amount	Fair value ¹
Long-term debt (including current portion)	15,934	17,600	16,080	17,628

¹ Long-term debt (including current portion) is measured at Level 2 in the three-level fair value hierarchy, based on period-end trading values.

We did not have any non-derivative held-to-maturity financial assets during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

NOTE 10: INVESTMENTS

	As at March 31	As at December 31
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016
Investments in:		
Publicly-traded companies	1,115	1,047
Private companies	164	169
Investments, available-for-sale	1,279	1,216
Investments, associates and joint ventures	964	958
Total investments	2,243	2,174

NOTE 11: SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Accounts receivable securitization program

	As at March 31	As at December 31
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016
Trade accounts receivable sold to buyer as security	1,065	1,460
Short-term borrowings from buyer	(870)	(800)
Overcollateralization	195	660

Below is a summary of the activity relating to our accounts receivable securitization program for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016:

	Three months ended March 3		
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016	
Proceeds received from accounts receivable securitization	250	250	
Repayment of accounts receivable securitization	(180)	(45)	
Net proceeds received from accounts receivable securitization	70	205	

As at March 31, 2017, our total funding under the securitization program was \$870 million (December 31, 2016 - \$800 million).

Commercial paper program

This quarter, we entered into a US CP program that allows us to issue, subject to receipt of purchase commitments from investors, up to a maximum aggregate principal amount of US\$1 billion, as currently approved by our Board. Funds can be borrowed under this program with terms to maturity ranging from 1 to 397 days. Any issuances made under the US CP program will be issued at a discount. Borrowings under our US CP program are classified as short-term borrowings on our consolidated statements of financial position when they are due within one year from the date of the financial statements.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we issued US\$200 million (\$266 million) (2016 - nil) of commercial paper under the US CP program, all of which was outstanding as at March 31, 2017. Concurrent with the commercial paper issuances, we entered into debt derivatives to hedge the foreign currency risk associated with the principal and interest components of the borrowings under the US CP program (see note 9). We have not designated these debt derivatives as hedges for accounting purposes.

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM DEBT

			Principal	Interest	As at March 31	As at December 31
(In millions of dollars, except interest rates)	Due date		amount	rate	2017	2016
Bank credit facilities				Floating	225	100
Bank credit facilities		US	revolving	Floating	266	201
Senior notes	2017		250	Floating	_	250
Senior notes	2017		500	3.000%	500	500
Senior notes	2018	US	1,400	6.800%	1,863	1,880
Senior notes	2019		400	2.800%	400	400
Senior notes	2019		500	5.380%	500	500
Senior notes	2020		900	4.700%	900	900
Senior notes	2021		1,450	5.340%	1,450	1,450
Senior notes	2022		600	4.000%	600	600
Senior notes	2023	US	500	3.000%	665	671
Senior notes	2023	US	850	4.100%	1,130	1,141
Senior notes	2024		600	4.000%	600	600
Senior notes	2025	US	700	3.625%	931	940
Senior notes	2026	US	500	2.900%	665	671
Senior debentures ¹	2032	US	200	8.750%	266	269
Senior notes	2038	US	350	7.500%	465	470
Senior notes	2039		500	6.680%	500	500
Senior notes	2040		800	6.110%	800	800
Senior notes	2041		400	6.560%	400	400
Senior notes	2043	US	500	4.500%	665	671
Senior notes	2043	US	650	5.450%	864	873
Senior notes	2044	US	1,050	5.000%	1,396	1,410
					16,051	16,197
Deferred transaction costs and discounts					(117)	(117
Less current portion					(500)	(750
Total long-term debt					15,434	15,330

¹ Senior debentures originally issued by Rogers Cable Inc. which are unsecured obligations of RCI and for which RCCI was an unsecured guarantor as at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Bank Credit and Letter of Credit Facilities

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, we had the following activity relating to our revolving and non-revolving bank credit facilities:

	Thre	ee months ended M	1arch 31, 2017
	Notional	Exchange	Notional
(In millions of dollars, except exchange rates)	(US\$)	rate	(Cdn\$)
Issuance of US dollar long-term debt	425	1.34	571
Issuance of Canadian dollar long-term debt			700
Total long-term debt issued			1,271
Repayment of US dollar long-term debt	(375)	1.33	(499)
Repayment of Canadian dollar long-term debt			(575)
Total long-term debt repaid			(1,074)

	Three months ended March 31, 2016		
	Notional	Exchange	Notional
(In millions of dollars, except exchange rates)	(US\$)	rate	(Cdn\$)
Issuance of US dollar long-term debt	507	1.36	688
Issuance of Canadian dollar long-term debt			_
Total long-term debt issued			688
Repayment of US dollar long-term debt	(50)	1.38	(69)
Repayment of Canadian dollar long-term debt			(500)
Total long-term debt repaid			(569)

As at March 31, 2017, we had \$491 million outstanding under our revolving and non-revolving credit facilities (December 31, 2016 - \$301 million). We have entered into debt derivatives related to the US dollar-denominated portion of these borrowings to convert all the interest and principal payment obligations to Canadian dollars (see note 9).

This quarter, we amended our revolving credit facility to, among other things, extend the maturity date of the original \$2.5 billion facility from September 2020 to March 2022. In addition, we added a \$700 million tranche to the facility that matures in March 2020. As a result, the total credit limit for the facility is now \$3.2 billion.

During the quarter, we repaid the entire balance that was outstanding under our non-revolving bank credit facility. As a result of this repayment, this facility was terminated.

Senior Notes

Issuance of senior notes and related derivative settlements

We did not issue any senior notes during the three months ended March 31, 2017 or 2016.

Repayment of senior notes and related derivative settlements

The table below provides a summary of the repayment of our senior notes for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

	Three months ended March 31, 201		
(In millions of dollars) Maturity date	Notional Notional amount (US\$) amount (Cdn\$)		
March 13, 2017	- 250		

We did not repay any senior notes or settle any related debt derivatives during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

NOTE 13: SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Dividends

In 2017 and 2016, we declared and paid the following dividends on our outstanding Class A Voting and Class B Non-Voting shares:

Date declared	Date paid	Dividend per share (dollars)	
January 26, 2017	April 3, 2017	0.48	
		0.48	
January 27, 2016	April 1, 2016	0.48	
April 18, 2016	July 4, 2016	0.48	
August 11, 2016	October 3, 2016	0.48	
October 20, 2016	January 3, 2017	0.48	
		1.92	

The holders of Class A shares are entitled to receive dividends at the rate of up to five cents per share but only after dividends at the rate of five cents per share have been paid or set aside on the Class B shares. Class A Voting and Class B Non-Voting shares therefore participate equally in dividends above five cents per share.

NOTE 14: STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

A summary of our stock-based compensation expense, which is included in employee salaries and benefits expense, is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31	
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016
Stock options	17	13
Restricted share units	16	15
Deferred share units	20	10
Equity derivative effect, net of interest receipt	(40)	(26)
Total stock-based compensation expense	13	12

As at March 31, 2017, we had a total liability, recorded at its fair value, of \$186 million (December 31, 2016 - \$189 million) related to stock-based compensation, including stock options, restricted share units (RSUs), and deferred share units (DSUs).

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we paid \$63 million (2016 - \$45 million) to holders of stock options, RSUs, and DSUs upon exercise using the cash settlement feature.

Stock Options

Summary of stock options

	Three months ended	Three months ended March 31, 2017	
(in number of units, except prices)	Number of W options	eighted average exercise price	
Outstanding, beginning of period	3,732,524	\$43.70	
Granted	503,905	\$56.70	
Exercised	(660,148)	\$42.48	
Forfeited	(97,642)	\$49.95	
Outstanding, end of period	3,478,639	\$45.75	
Exercisable, end of period	1,771,215	\$41.87	

	Three months ended	Three months ended March 31, 2016	
(in number of units, except prices)	Number of W options	/eighted average exercise price	
Outstanding, beginning of period	4,873,940	\$41.47	
Granted	1,054,530	\$49.95	
Exercised	(572,646)	\$34.23	
Forfeited	(12,252)	\$44.44	
Outstanding, end of period	5,343,572	\$43.91	
Exercisable, end of period	2,486,203	\$40.53	

Included in the above table are grants of nil performance options to certain key executives during the three months ended March 31, 2017 (2016 - 420,035).

Unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to stock option plans was \$6 million as at March 31, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$3 million) and will be recognized in net income over the next four years as the options vest.

Restricted Share Units

Summary of RSUs

	Three months ended March 31	
(in number of units)	2017	2016
Outstanding, beginning of period	2,237,085	2,484,405
Granted and reinvested dividends	547,562	621,798
Exercised	(870,532)	(614,484)
Forfeited	(99,580)	(60,438)
Outstanding, end of period	1,814,535	2,431,281

Included in the above table are grants of 63,542 performance RSUs to certain key executives during the three months ended March 31, 2017 (2016 - 85,793).

Unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to these RSUs was \$55 million as at March 31, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$35 million) and will be recognized in net income over the next three years as the RSUs vest.

Deferred Share Unit Plan

Summary of DSUs

	Three months ended March 31	
(in number of units)	2017	2016
Outstanding, beginning of period	2,396,458	1,770,871
Granted and reinvested dividends	647,257	873,036
Exercised	(87,505)	(99,137)
Forfeited	(94,337)	(41,691)
Outstanding, end of period	2,861,873	2,503,079

Included in the above table are grants of 176,275 performance DSUs to certain key executives during the three months ended March 31, 2017 (2016 - 309,504).

Unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to these DSUs as at March 31, 2017 was \$49 million (December 31, 2016 - \$30 million) and will be recognized in net income over the next three years as the executive DSUs vest. All other DSUs are fully vested.

NOTE 15: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Controlling Shareholder

We enter into certain transactions with private companies controlled by the controlling shareholder of RCI, the Rogers Control Trust. These transactions were recognized at the amount agreed to by the related parties and are subject to the terms and conditions of formal agreements approved by the Audit and Risk Committee. The totals received or paid during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were less than \$1 million, respectively.

Transactions with Key Management Personnel

We have entered into business transactions with companies whose partners or senior officers are Directors of RCI. These Directors are:

- the non-executive chairman of a law firm that provides a portion of our legal services; and
- the chairman of a company that provides printing services to the Company.

We recognize these transactions at the amounts agreed to by the related parties, which are also reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee. The amounts owing for these services are unsecured, interest-free, and due for payment in cash within one month of the date of the transaction. The related party activity for the business transactions described above is summarized as follows:

	Three months	Three months ended March 31	
(In millions of dollars)	2017	2016	
Printing and legal services	7	5	

NOTE 16: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

We have the following contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2017:

System Access Fee - Saskatchewan

In 2004, a class action was commenced against providers of wireless communications in Canada under the Class Actions Act (Saskatchewan). The class action relates to the system access fee wireless carriers charge to some of their customers. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified damages and punitive damages, which would effectively be a reimbursement of all system access fees collected.

In 2007, the Saskatchewan Court granted the plaintiffs' application to have the proceeding certified as a national, "optin" class action where affected customers outside Saskatchewan must take specific steps to participate in the proceeding. In 2008, our motion to stay the proceeding based on the arbitration clause in our wireless service agreements was granted. The Saskatchewan Court directed that its order, in respect of the certification of the action, would exclude customers who are bound by an arbitration clause from the class of plaintiffs.

In 2009, counsel for the plaintiffs began a second proceeding under the Class Actions Act (Saskatchewan) asserting the same claims as the original proceeding. If successful, this second class action would be an "opt-out" class proceeding. This second proceeding was ordered conditionally stayed in 2009 on the basis that it was an abuse of process.

In 2013, the plaintiffs applied for an order to be allowed to proceed with the second system access fee class action. However, the court denied this application and the second action remains conditionally stayed.

At the time the Saskatchewan class action was commenced in 2004, corresponding claims were filed in multiple jurisdictions across Canada, although the plaintiffs took no active steps. The appeal courts in several provinces dismissed the corresponding claims as an abuse of process. The claims in all provinces other than Saskatchewan have now been dismissed or discontinued. We have not recognized a liability for this contingency.

911 Fee

In June 2008, a class action was launched in Saskatchewan against providers of wireless communications services in Canada. It involves allegations of breach of contract, misrepresentation, and false advertising, among other things, in relation to the 911 fee that had been charged by us and the other wireless telecommunication providers in Canada. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified damages and restitution. The plaintiffs intend to seek an order certifying the proceeding as a national class action in Saskatchewan. We have not recognized a liability for this contingency.

Cellular Devices

In July 2013, a class action was launched in British Columbia against providers of wireless communications in Canada and manufacturers of wireless devices. The class action relates to the alleged adverse health effects incurred by long-term users of cellular devices. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified damages and punitive damages, effectively equal to the reimbursement of the portion of revenue the defendants have received that can reasonably be attributed to the sale of cellular phones in Canada. We have not recognized a liability for this contingency.

Outcome of Proceedings

The outcome of all the proceedings and claims against us, including the matters described above, is subject to future resolution that includes the uncertainties of litigation. It is not possible for us to predict the result or magnitude of the claims due to the various factors and uncertainties involved in the legal process. Based on information currently known to us, we believe it is not probable that the ultimate resolution of any of these proceedings and claims, individually or in total, will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial results, or financial condition. If it becomes probable that we will be held liable for claims against us, we will recognize a provision during the period in which the change in probability occurs, which could be material to our Consolidated Statements of Income or Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

NOTE 17: SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(In millions of dollars)	Three months ended March 31	
	2017	2016
Accounts receivable	199	32
Inventories	19	(2)
Other current assets	(110)	(125)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(365)	(78)
Unearned revenue	79	53
Total change in non-cash operating working capital items	(178)	(120)